

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FIL	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/086,574	02/28/2002		Edward Harrison Teague	020111	9018
23696	7590	02/02/2006		EXAMINER	
QUALCOM	•	.D	KIM, K	KIM, KEVIN	
5775 MOREHOUSE DR. SAN DIEGO, CA 92121				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,			2638	
				DATE MAIL ED. 00/00/0007	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/086,574	TEAGUE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kevin Y. Kim	2638				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	Lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 No.	ovember 2005					
<u> </u>	action is non-final.					
<i>,</i>	,—					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	·					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>19-26,28,29,31 and 32</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>22-26,29 and 32</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>19-21,28,31</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers	·					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti		` '				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	• •				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	priority under 25 H.S.C. S. 110(a)	(d) or (f)				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
B) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed on 11-17-2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

First of all, applicant correctly pointed out that the rejection of claims 19, 20, 28 and 31 was improper because a wrong section of 35 USC § 102 was relied on. The rejection should have made under 35 USC § 102 (e) instead of § 102 (b). Since the ground of rejection in this Action is changed to 35 USC § 102 (e), this Action is made non-final.

Now turning to the merits of the rejection, applicant argues that the reference fails to teach restricting the Rake finger movements. But the Smoylar patent clearly teaches that two fingers are not allowed closer than a predefined distance. See col. 11, lines 1-2. Applicant also argues that the reference fails to teach regenerating motion limits. At col. 10, lines 54-61, the Smoylar patent describes redefining finger blocks when one or more fingers move, resulting in regeneration of motion limits.

2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action of March 26, 2004.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. Claims 19, 20, 28 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Smolyar et al (US 6,314,130 previously cited).

Claims 19.

Smolyar et al discloses a method of timing tracking a plurality of fingers in a Rake receiver, comprising

restricting each finger from tracking outside motion limits, see col. 8, lines 36-40, describing "1.5 Tc" as a minimum separation between two fingers, see also col.9, lines 54-61 and col. 11, lines 1-2 and;

regenerating the motion limits for a first finger adjacent to a second finger when a timing tracking command is issued to the second finger. See col. 9, lines 28-30 and col. 10, lines 54-61. See Fig.1 showing direction metrics 1,2 where each finger movement causes the regeneration of the motion limits for its adjacent finger.

Claims 20, 28 and 31.

Smolyar et al discloses a method and apparatus of timing tracking a plurality of fingers, each finger having an advance limit and a retard limit (see col. 8, lines 36-40, describing "1.5 Tc" as a minimum separation between two fingers), comprising;

advancing the retard limit of a first finger adjacent to and ahead of a second finger and the advance limit of a third finger adjacent to and behind the second finger when an advance command is delivered to the second finger, and

retarding the retard limit of the fist finger and the advance limit of the third finger when a retard command is delivered to the second finger.

In other words, when the second finger is moved, the fingers on either side of the fingers moves in the same direction. See Fig. 2B, direction metric 10 and Fig.2C, direction

Art Unit: 2638

metric 27 where all the fingers move in a same direction when a finger, i.e., a middle finger, moves.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 5. Claims 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smolyar et al (US 6,314,130), as applied to claim 20 above, in view of La Rosa et al (US 6,078,611, previously cited).

Smolyar et al disclose all the subject matter claimed except for suppressing the advance and retard commands for the second finger when the commands would move the offset of the second finger outside its motion limits. La Rosa teaches that when the finger movement correction violates the time separation threshold, the proposed correction is disallowed since otherwise the benefit of path diversity would be lost. See col. 8, lines 13-24. Thus, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to suppressing the advance and retard commands for the second finger when the commands would move the offset

Application/Control Number: 10/086,574 Page 5

Art Unit: 2638

of the second finger outside its motion limits, as taught by La Rosa, for the purpose of not losing the benefit of path diversity reception.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 22-26, 29 and 32 are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Y. Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-3039. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM --5PM M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kenneth Vanderpuye can be reached on 571-272-3078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

KVK

KEVIN KIM PATENT EXAMINER

JL. 1 Cin